

# ARLINGTON ENTERPRISE.

VOL. 2. NO. 41.

ARLINGTON, MASS., JULY 14, 1900.

TWO CENTS

## STILL AT THE TOP!

### Fish of All Kinds in their season

We are the only, only. Do not be deceived by these so-called alluring advertisements calculating to give wrong impressions. Please bear in mind that our facilities for catering to the public of Arlington and vicinity are of the best, and no one has any better. Of what interest is it to the customer whether the goods are delivered from chopped ice, fish cart or automobile. Our only aim is to serve the public with nothing but the best of all kinds of fish in their season.

**W. H. Webber & Son.**  
Telephone 48-3.

Ring us up!

A. E. BOWER.

F. C. BOWER.

**Arlington Wood Working Co.,**  
MILL ST., ARLINGTON.

Mantels,  
Drawer Cases,  
Hall and  
Window Seats

**CABINET  
MAKING.**

Stair Work.  
Sawing and  
Turning.

Store and Office Fixtures.  
**DOOR AND WINDOW SCREENS.**

Porch Columns, Brackets and Balusters.

Greenhouse Stock and Hot-bed Sash.

GENERAL REPAIRING.

A postal will be answered personally for details of work.

may 26/1

PICTURE FRAMES.

CRAYONS.

*Litchfield Studio*  
655 Mass. Ave.,  
Arlington, Mass.

PHOTOS.

WATER COLORS.

**H. B. JOHNSON,**

**Steam and Hot Water Heating,**

Greenhouse Contractor, Steam Pump Repairer, etc.

**BRADWAY AND WINTER STS.**  
AT BOSTON PRICES.  
ARLINGTON.

Boilers Re-tubed. Artesian Wells. Wind Mills. Roofing.

In all work contracted for the latest devices and most approved appliances are used and personal attention given to every job. Estimates furnished on contracts of any amount and at action guaranteed.

**MRS. MARGARET DALE**

**Hammocks of all kinds  
for the summer at low  
prices.**

**House and Kitchen Furnishings,**

**610 MASSACHUSETTS AVENUE.**

TELEPHONE, 55-4 ARLINGTON.

**WANTED,**

**25 Second-hand Bicycles in  
trade for the 1900 Orient.**

**MOSELEY'S CYCLE AGENCY,**  
FOWLE BLOCK, ARLINGTON.

**BEDDING PLANTS, CUT FLOWERS  
AND FUNERAL DESIGNS**

AT

**W. W. Rawson's,**  
Cor. Medford and Warren Sts., Arlington.

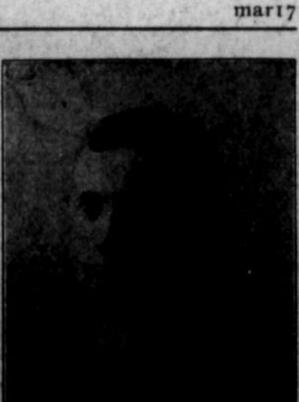
For a good suit of clothes and a  
guaranteed fit, go to

**J. J. LOFTUS,**  
the leading tailor

Spring & Summer Goods Now In  
Repairing Neatly Done.

Ladies' tailoring.

Sherburne Building, Arlington



**JOHN J. LEARY,**

Rubber-tired  
Hacks for all  
Occasions

I have a First-class Hack,  
Livery and Boarding  
Stable.

Stable, 428 High Street, West Medford.  
Residence, 117 Medford St., Arlington.

Telephone, 37-2 Arlington.

**Dr. G. W. Yale,**  
DENTIST,  
At parlors, 14-16 Post-office & Buildg.,  
ARLINGTON.

Open daily, also Tuesday, Thursday, and Saturday evenings.

**WM. ADDISON GREENE, M. D.**  
688 Mass. Ave., Arlington.

GRADUATE OF  
DARTMOUTH '98  
HARVARD POST GRADUATE '97.

OFFICE HOURS: 8-10 A.M. 2-4 P.M.

## HOME WEDDINGS.

LANE-BASTON.

A pleasant and happy wedding took place at the home of Mr. James Baston of Central street on Tuesday evening. The beautiful bride, Miss Annie M. Baston, was united in the holy bonds of wedlock by Rev. S. C. Bushnell to Mr. Frank E. Lane of Pleasant street. Rarely has a handsomer bride ever stood at the marriage altar to receive the solemn marriage vows.

We heard dissatisfaction expressed on all sides, and hundreds went away greatly disappointed. From our point of view, and we have several hundred sympathizers, it was a great mistake in having these concerts on the pond, for should the wind happen (and it is likely to) to blow as it did on Monday evening not only is the band working at a disadvantage in playing their selections, but the throngs of people do not hear enough of it to be of any great benefit. There were many from out of town who came here to make a noise and were at times very unruly. The following is the concert program as furnished us by Bandmaster Towne:

March, "Singing girl," Selection, "Blue and the Grey," Waltz, "Dinah from Carolina," Waltz, "Danube waves," Selection, German comic opera, "Ma Tige, tig," Broadway to Tokio, "Popular songs," Selection, Southern melodies Rag-time two-step, "Policy Samy" Finale, national airs

arr. by Laurendeau

arr. by Peyer

arr. by Glascian

Final,

national

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# ARLINGTON ENTERPRISE

Published every Saturday morning at No. 620  
Massachusetts Avenue.

1.00 a year, in advance; Single copies, 2 cents.

F. H. GRAY, PUBLISHER.

WILSON PALMER, EDITOR.

## ADVERTISING RATES.

1 wk. 2 wks. 1 mo. 3 mos. 6 mos. 1 yr.  
1.00 \$1.00 \$1.50 \$2.50 \$4.00 \$6.00

Additional inches at same ratio

Advertisements placed in the local column  
10 cents per line.

Help and situation wants, for sale, to let,  
etc., 12-13 cents per line; nothing taken less  
than two lines.

## THE BROTHERHOOD OF MAN.

Nowhere does the brotherhood of man stand out so prominently as in the country. There is a strong bond of sympathy existing between those residing far back in the rural districts. Whenever nature asserts herself, there will you find that life touches life at every vital point. In the country no one waits for an introduction, so that no time is lost in getting at one another. Informality pervades the whole atmosphere. One's life away from the city and the large town is as free as that of the birds. The passer-by upon the highway gives you recognition at once, so that you feel you have met a brother. In the great, big, open world, just as God made it, there are no favored "sets" in social life. All are on the same level. There is indeed a community of feeling in remote and sparsely settled neighborhoods that cannot be found in our populated centers. It is a somewhat singular fact that man is most alone who is surrounded by the teeming multitude, while he enjoys a royal companionship when apart from the crowd. This fundamental truth we keenly and pleasantly appreciate, this morning, as we write this editorial in our summer home, with the everlasting mountains looking down upon us so benignly. We cannot quite understand why men and women will so readily flock to the city, there to wear out their lives in struggling for a livelihood, when the country offers these same men and women a home where one's daily wants may be supplied at first cost. As we were making our way to the postoffice the other morning, three miles distant, we came across a farmer, who with the most delightful surroundings was hilling up his corn. We brought our horse to a stand-still that we might exchange our "good morning" and have a chat with "the man with a hoe." After a little talk of the mountains and of these clear, genial skies, we asked our newly-made acquaintance the size and cost of his farm. In reply he said: "I paid five hundred dollars for my seventy-five acres of mother earth, with this convenient, comfortable house and barn, as you see. "My farm," he continued, "yields me something more than a living, so that I am a good deal contented." The farmer's wife and daughter we met, and, to all appearances, a happier household we have never seen. On all sides there was apparent contentment. No hurrying in the morning to catch the early train for an uncertain business day. No anxiety for the first issue of the morning paper to see the ruling of the stock market. Everything in and about that five-hundred dollar farm was peace and contentment. The truth is, our farmer friend is more independent with his seventy-five acres of land, at a cost of five hundred dollars, than a business man in Arlington can be with his fifty thousand dollars; and it must not be forgotten that with all this he comes into touch with that daily, simple life of his neighbor that binds and makes one the mutual interests of his little community. As we bid our friend "good bye" and jogged along our way, we asked ourselves why will not men and women everywhere keep themselves in direct line of God's generous plan, and so sing and be happy as they make their way through life?

The difficulty is, that the most of us have the vainest of desires to get ahead of each other in all social and business life. We want the best seat in the church, and this, too, on the popular side of the church, and we must have the most taking turn-out in the village, and live in a swell front house on the most fashionable street in the town, so that the man of the house is compelled to "keep his nose to the grindstone" all the while that his family may "keep up appearances." God pity us all for the sham lives we are living. In our hurry and scramble we are missing the best in nature that God has to give. So get into the country, and till the soil, under skies that are the bluest and the most genial, to put ourselves within hearing distance of the singing of the birds, to be in the open field, where we may listen to the murmuring of the brook—all these are the loving gifts of nature which we all may enjoy if we will but answer the ever beckoning call. And, beside, we then shall appreciate to the full that fraternal relationship which is so closely allied to country life. Our Arlington readers may be sure that just at present we are singing of the country, having for an audience all nature in attentive mood.

## NOT EASILY EXPLAINED.

It cannot be easily explained how Senator Hoar could have spoken in such complimentary terms at Marshfield, the other day, of McKinley and his administration, when within the past three months he has said in public speech over and over again that McKinley's rule of the Philippine Islands was rapidly drifting towards anarchy. The

honorable senator has reported and reported that our republican government is in imminent danger under the present administration of affairs, and yet Senator Hoar says that President McKinley will have no more loyal supporter in his candidacy for re-election than he will be. The difficulty or misfortune in our American politics is that a narrow partisanship rules our public men. The officer-holder is reluctant to break away from his party whenever it may be in the wrong on some great vital principle. Just think of Senator Hoar voting for a public official when, as he declares, the fundamental idea of republican rule has been and is ignored under his administration of affairs. Neither ex-Gov. Boutwell or the honorable senator can vote for Mr. McKinley, it seems to us, without giving the lie to their previous criticisms of the chief executive in Washington. We shall be glad if the time ever comes when all party lines shall be so set aside and wiped out that men in the political world will dare to do right when they come to the ballot box. Senator Hoar's words at Marshfield are strangely at variance with the earnest protest that he has entered against the national administration.

## "ALL THINGS ARE AT RISK."

"Beware when the great God lets loose a thinker upon this earth, then all things are at risk." But there are comparatively few people who do real genuine thinking, so a good degree of safety is assured from the start. Did you ever count up the men and women in your home community who do their own thinking? If so, you have necessarily been surprised that it was with difficulty that you succeeded in finding a "baker's dozen." To think is one of the rarest virtues. Naturally men and women are intellectually lazy. The most of us are good deal willing that other people shall do our thinking for us, provided we can somehow manage to steal the glory of doing it for ourselves. There are those who are attempting to instruct in our public schools and through the public journal who seldom if ever beget an original thought and who as seldom read an instructive book. We know of newspapers that never in the slightest way indicate through their columns that the library has been consulted for information which rightfully belongs to the reading public. The most of us, so far as mind is concerned, get along in a slipshod way. It takes courage to think and then give a manly expression to the thought. The majority of us are intellectual cowards, not daring in most instances to run butt against the pre-conceived notions and opinions of our neighbors. But now and then, thank God, there comes along a thinker who insists upon the right to be heard, although the hearers may thereby fall. The apostle Paul was such a thinker, and he invariably had the courage of his thought. He dared do things, let what would come. "Thou whitened sepulchre" was the address he gave to every cheat and fraud.

Philips, Garrison and many others in anti-slavery days did their own thinking, and this too at great personal inconvenience and cost. It is true and it has been so proven over and over again that when the thinker is let loose all things are indeed at risk. Such a one is the disturber of that sluggish peace which means intellectual death. We all so love to go along in the same old beaten way that it is difficult for us to get out of the ruts. A new idea charms us; we regard its coming as an innovation. Nowhere in all God's world is there so little thinking done as by us country editors. We do not show ourselves disloyal to our profession in this declaration, we but state a fact of which we are greatly ashamed. "By their fruits ye shall know them" is a righteous judgment. Just read the average country newspaper for yourself, and then you will agree with us in our criticism of country journalism. The cry of us country scribes is "give the locals," and this cry we make so excessive that we come to place quantity before quality in our columns. The query has unfortunately come to be, "is the paper filled?" rather than "are its columns instructive?" Our readers ask for bread and we give them a stone. What imposition and fraud are oftentimes perpetrated on the public by country news-papermen. May God forgive us if the time shall ever come when we shall not have the courage or disposition to do and give our best to our readers. It isn't enough that the newspaper secures a long list of subscribers and has its columns well filled with advertisements. While all this is well, there must be something more if the public journal is to do its proper work. We wish with all our heart that the great God would more frequently than now let loose a thinker amongst us country editors. We need stirring up. We need now and then an original idea shot into us. It doesn't so much matter that more or less frequently some one may object to the way we put things, and so stop his paper. We have our work to do, and we are cowards if we dare not do it in a manly way. Let us have the courage to think for ourselves, and then speak without let or hindrance.

## THE DEMOCRATIC TICKET.

The national democratic ticket to be supported for the presidency and vice-presidency at the coming November election is, on the whole, the strongest

that the democracy could have nominated. Bryan, who has no second as a leader, is a man of recognized ability and honesty. He is one of the people, and is very near to the masses in every interest belonging to them. He has a clear conception of Jeffersonian democracy, and he has the courage to say so. He dodges no issue in which he believes. His persistence in adhering to the 16 to 1 ratio is evident proof of his belief in what he regards as right. Mr. Bryan at the head of the ticket will create no less enthusiasm than he did four years ago. Mr. Stevenson, as the running mate of Bryan, will add strength to the ticket. Mr. Stevenson is a democrat through and through, and as the presiding officer of the United States senate under Cleveland he endeared himself to all alike. The ticket is, in our estimation, an excellent one.

The Kansas city convention was in marked contrast to that so recently held by the republican party in the city of Philadelphia. In Kansas City every delegate had his say. No veto was put on the lips of any member of that representative convention. It was in itself a grand type of the democracy. But how strangely different with our republican friends at Philadelphia! There, only the bosses were allowed to speak. In the republican convention the "machine" was in full operation. Things went just as Platt had planned. No opinion was expressed in the city of Philadelphia until the leader had been consulted. It is one of the fundamentals that each individual of the national democracy shall be and act himself in all that constitutes a sovereign rule. We have read from beginning to end the platform adopted by the Kansas city convention, and can heartily say amen to it all unless it be the 16 to 1 ratio, but this has been made of secondary importance in the enunciation of the leading questions of the hour. What the democracy says of imperialism and trusts is nothing other than God's truth. Why should any of us be so blindly partisan that we cannot recognize the fact so apparent to everybody? The present administration has done precisely what it said it would not do when McKinley was inaugurated as the chief executive of the nation. While no one is disposed to question that President McKinley means to do right, still it is painfully apparent that he has been turned and twisted in all sorts of ways until he has come out at a point for which he did not start. Backbone is what we need in the administration of our public affairs. We know of but three public men in this country who stand out prominently in their own individuality, and those are Grover Cleveland, Tom Reed and Wm. J. Bryan. This trio had "rather be right than to be president." "Facts are stubborn things," and they will not down.

Another admirable feature of the democratic convention was the coming together of all the delegates of that eminent gathering when the nomination had been made. David B. Hill never showed himself to better advantage than he did in seconding the candidacy of William J. Bryan, and promising him the support of the democracy of New York. And so it was with all who spoke for the several states.

Now the fight is on, and there will be a measuring of swords. Face to face, the two great parties will bring their heaviest guns to bear on each other. The coming campaign will be no make-believe fight. Before the final vote is cast in November there will be lots of serious thinking done by the people. Party lines will be broken in many instances. "I stand upon my record" will not be the boast of the intelligent voter. The country will not go to wreck and ruin in the case of the election of Bryan and Stevenson, and everybody knows it. The republican party will have to plan and work most adroitly to get up a scare in the on-coming campaign. We are glad that the time has come in the political world when men dare do their own thinking. Now, some better reason must be given for being either a democrat or a republican other than that the father was a democrat or a republican. No one in a country like ours has the right to cast other than an intelligent vote. The ballot is not put into our hands to please Tom, Dick and Harry, but to satisfy our own individual consciences.

While the Enterprise has no disposition to dictate how any man shall vote, still we do not hesitate to advise and urge that now if ever there shall be taken an earnest survey of the field, so that we may approach the polls in November with a clear understanding of the "situation."

## EDITORIAL NOTES.

The ice bill has been signed by the governor. Now for five cent pieces.

Somerville had an explosion of an oil tank on Thursday evening, causing one death and injuring 60 people. The loss will be heavy.

The Chinese horrors continue to come in and yet the worst has not been told.

The campaign is open for business and it looks as though there would be plenty of it.

Last night, for the sake of a girl, a few young men of Chelsea and Noodle Island engaged themselves in a free fight, with wholesale arrests.

"Divine Healer" Francis Truth has been let down easy by the courts, only a fine of \$2,500 being imposed.

The Cuban teachers will not, we are afraid, carry home with them a very good impression of the Yankee way of doing business judging from the way some of them have been dealt with.

## MARR ED.

LANE-BASTON.—In Arlington, July 10, by the Rev. S. C. Bushnell, Frank E. Lane and Annie M. Baston.

NAZRO-FESSENDEN.—In Arlington, July 10, by the Rev. Charles H. Watson, D. D., Philip Lothrop Nazro of Cambridge and Flora Emma Fessenden of Arlington.

## DIED

LIBBY.—In Portland, Me., July 6, Maria S., wife of Charles A. Libby, M. D., Arlington, aged 33 years, 3 months.

## TO LET,

At Arlington Heights, a fine 6-room house, with bath and improvements. Four minutes to electric and steam cars. Magnificent view. Terms reasonable to right parties. Apply at this office.

## FARM WANTED.

In Waltham, Lexington or vicinity suitable for sheep raising, light rough ground, with woods and preferred. Will buy, lease or contract with right party for the use of part of farm and care of stock; price must be low; give full particulars. P. O. box 297, Boston. apr 28f

## TO LET.

Nice, pleasant Rooms to let, centrally located. Apply, 33 Lewis Avenue.

## TO LET,

For one year or more, HOUSE and GROUNDS at No. 22 Mill street, Arlington, Mass. Will put up in complete order. Apply for terms to A. J. Bastine, 19 Warren street, New York. feb 10m

## Boys' Short Pant Suits, \$1.50, or with Extra Pair Pants, \$1.75.

Call and see them at

## L. C. TYLER'S.

EGBERT E. STACPOLE, TEACHER OF BANJO, MANDOLIN AND GUITAR.

Correct Instruments carefully selected for pupils without extra charge.

40 Mystic Street, Arlington, Mass.

## All the leading magazines periodicals, etc., at

## Reed's News Depot,

POST-OFFICE BLOCK.

dec 23v

## J. E. SHIRLEY, Builder and Contractor.

Jobbing a Specialty.

16 WALNUT STREET. jelt-1m

## THE BEST ICE CREAM

is to be had at

KIMBALL'S, ARLINGTON HEIGHTS.

His lunch service is unsurpassed. Try our Ice Cream Soda—none better. jelt-3m

## DAVID CLARK,

27 years in the baking business, is still at the same business at

10 MILL STREET, ARLINGTON.

Rubber-tired carriages for funerals, weddings, and evening parties. Also a wagonette for pleasure parties. Tel connection 12a

## T. M. CANNIFF, Hairdresser, 43 Mass. ave., Arlington

Jobbing in all branches.

Fine Painting a Specialty.

## JOHN F. NOLAN & CO., RUB ER-TIRED

Hacks & Carriages

FURNISHED

For Funerals, Weddings, Even-

ing Parties, etc.

RESIDENCE: 58 WARREN STREET.

## JOE PRINTING

OF ALL KINDS

AT LOW RATES

AT THIS OFFICE

TELEPHONE, 149-2 ARLINGTON.

21 apr 3m

your hair from falling out by using

Whittemore's

Quinine Hair Tonic,

Fully warranted.

## A. L. BACON, Mason and Contractor.

All Kinds of

Jobbing, Whitening, Fire Places and Boile

Settings.

LOCKER 58 MYSTIC. Lock Box 45, Arlington

Telephone 133-3.

Order Box at Peirce & Winn Co.

RESIDENCE, COR. MYSTIC STREET AND

DAVIS AVENUE.

## Peirce & Winn Co

Dealer in

Coals, Wood, Hay, Straw

Grain, Lime, Cement, Plaster,

Hair, Fertilizers, Sand, Drain

and Sewer Pipes, etc.

Teaming Pillsbury's Flour, New England Gas

and Coke Co's Coke.

Arlington, Arlington Heights, and Lexington

Post-office Box B, Arlington

Telephone, 8-2 Arlington

Telephone 56-5.

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## ARLINGTON NEWS.

Hereafter, all preliminary notices of church fairs, socials, etc., to which an admission fee is asked, will only be inserted in these columns at the rate of 10 cents per line, unless an advertisement of such appears in our advertising columns.

The Melrose nine come up to face the home team today.

Mr. W. E. Wood and daughters, Annie and Helen, are at Hynesdale.

Mr. and Mrs. James A. Bailey are at Kennebunkport for two weeks.

Mr. and Mrs. Ernest Moore are at Lanesville with their little son.

Kimball, at the Heights, makes the best ice cream on earth. Try it.

Mrs. A. Foster Brooks and family are at their camp at Fayville, Mass.

Next Wednesday occurs the installation of the officers of Bethel lodge.

This week the sewer department have been laying pipes on Medford street.

Rev. C. H. Watson made a trip from his summer home on Tuesday to Arlington.

Ex-Gov. J. Q. A. Brackett and family leave today for Bradford, N. H., for the season.

The family of Mr. Frank W. Hodgdon are at Manchester, N. H., for the summer.

We announce this week the engagement of Mr. Egbert E. Stackpole to Miss Florence Gott.

The new offal cart was put on the first of the week. It is a decided improvement over the old one.

Mr. George A. Law starts to-day for a week's outing at Bolton. He is to ride up and back.

The new fire alarm boxes are now fully installed, and will be of great convenience to the officers.

Miss Ida G. Law has returned from Lakeport, N. H., where she has been spending two delightful weeks.

Mrs. G. A. Law returned this week from Danvers where she has been enjoying a two week's vacation with relatives.

The usual Sunday morning service at the Universalist church at 10:45 tomorrow. Sunday school at noon. All are welcome.

Mr. R. Walter Hilliard will join his family at Birch Island, Me., where they are for the season, as soon as he can fix his business.

Mr. Mark Sullivan, who had his leg broken at Combination park some four weeks ago, was out this week for the first time on crutches.

It is an interesting sight to watch Mr. H. W. Berthrong and his son, Louis, sketch and shade the pictures of McKinley and Roosevelt.

Miss Carrie Turnbull, the obliging and courteous young lady at Reed's news depot, is at Lake Sunapee, N. H., for a much-needed rest.

Mrs. Dale, at 610 Mass. avenue, can supply you with all kinds of house furnishings for these hot days. She has also hammocks in variety.

Mr. L. Wilson Tay of 207 Summer street has this week gone on his vacation. He will visit friends in Newport, R. I., for about two weeks.

Mrs. S. F. Hicks and her son, Trafford, Pleasant street, are guests of Mrs. H. W. Bullard at her Mountain Side cottage, at White Face, N. H.

Rev. S. C. Bushnell and family were guests of Mr. and Mrs. William Bassett from Thursday of this week until today at their cottage at Long pond, near Plymouth.

A large poster in the window of the A. V. F. A. announces the coming muster at Pepperell on July 28. Now is a good time to get in plenty of practice and so bring home the prize.

A good number of the members of Bethel lodge, No. 12, I. O. O. F., went to Malden on Wednesday evening with Dist. Deputy Chas. S. Richardson to inspect the officers of Middlesex lodge.

Mr. M. A. Ross of Brattle street attended the Orangemen's picnic at Lake Walden on Thursday. Mr. Ross was chosen one of the delegates to attend the triennial convention at New York, July 24-28.

Mr. William Whytal was present at the tenth annual reunion of the Mass. Association of Forty-niners at Hotel Preston, Beach Bluffs, Swanscop, on Thursday, which proved to be a very enjoyable occasion.

Monday evening the building on the banks of the Mystic, used for the packing of Alewives, was destroyed by fire. Before the department reached the fire it burned to the ground. It was of incendiary origin.

Miss A. M. Robertson, who graduated with such high honors from our High school, has successfully passed the examinations at Radcliffe, where she will enter this fall. Miss Robertson is a scholar of rare ability.

## MUSIC & FRENCH.

MADEMOISELLE STEPHENS,

late of Paris, France.

Will give lessons in Music and French at pupils' houses. Terms reasonable. Write or call.

355 MASS. AVENUE.

The installation of officers of Div. 43, A. O. H., will occur next Tuesday evening. The full county board will be present as well as the county president. A royal good time is anticipated and a collision will be served.

The Traders' association have decided to go to the camp of Mr. Warren A. Peirce, on the Concord river, Thursday, Aug. 2, Traders' day. Arrangements are under way and will be fully announced next week.

Mr. E. C. Litchfield made a trip to Arlington on Tuesday on business. He is looking unusually well and brown as a berry. The state of Maine just suits him. We were pleased to see our friend Litchfield and learn he was doing so well.

Miss Elizabeth Marble, the close companion of Mrs. J. P. Squire, who died so suddenly last week, was buried at Cornish, N. H., last Friday, the deceased's birthplace. Members of the Squire family were present.

The ball game Saturday between the Boat club and the old Union nine promises to be one of excitement. The latter club, or part of it, have been seen practicing nightly. It is two years since they played a game, and of course do not expect to win, but there will be some ball playing for all this.

Rev. C. P. Osborne, field secretary of the Boston Seaman's Friend society, who occupied the pulpit of the Congregational church last Sunday, gave much satisfaction to his hearers, who will henceforth feel a deeper interest than formerly in the welfare of the thousands of sailors who annually enter and leave the harbor of Boston.

Mr. George H. Hartwell, who has had a delightful visit with his father, sister and brother for some two months, started on his return trip homeward on Tuesday. During his visit here he has hugely enjoyed himself and met many of his old playmates and friends. He is to return to Los Angeles by way of Montreal and Great Lakes to Oregon and then by the Pacific coast some 1700 miles.

Gratto & Gamester have a large force of men at work laying the floor at St. Malachy's church. It will take another week to finish the job and put in the new pews. Settees will be used tomorrow. Now that the old altar is down, one can see the new altars and the decorations clearly, and fully realize the gigantic job which was undertaken some six months ago. The building of the towers is progressing rapidly, and when all is completed the pastor and parishioners of this church will have an edifice of which they will feel proud.

Many people at the Center did considerable criticizing Wednesday afternoon as to the slowness of Ladder 1, but little they thought the joke was on them. This apparatus was ordered by Chief Gott not to go out of the house in case an alarm came in, as it was only a grass fire. It is all nonsense to have this heavy apparatus drawn up to the top of the hill for these kind of fires. The company, however, went up on the electrics to fight the same, and the "all out" was not sounded until 6:30. The drivers of our various houses are always on the alert and are out on the first round of box number, so in the future do not be hasty in your remarks for the chiefs and their men know best when there is an alarm and working at fires.

### Correspondence.

White Face, N. H.,

July 9, 1900.

Dear Enterprise: We are coming to feel that our home has always been here in the mountains, so readily does nature in her better moods and in her sublimer manifestations take you into her confidence. So far as names are concerned, we have already made ourselves familiar with Israel, Guinea, Young, Black, Flat, White Face, Passaconaway, Patugs, Wanalanct, Chocon and the Ossipee range of mountains, and all these, be it remembered, are within easy sight of our cottage, aside from those which we see in Maine.

And then the primeval forests come literally in touch on every side, save immediately in front of us, where the valley to which we referred last week stretches itself away towards the Pine Tree state for a distance of seventy miles or more. Shut in as we are from the outside world, we quite agree with Byron as he declares, "There is society where none intrudes." We have here a royal companionship. With our present surroundings "we can select our friends," as one has said, "from the most richly gifted sons of God." Here "we walk in imagination with the noblest spirits through the most sublime and enchanting regions." Throughout all the mountainous portions of New Hampshire nature marshals her forces in grand array.

Well, our delightful situation grows upon us as the days succeed each other. During our time thus far we have been on several exploring expeditions, both on foot and by carriage; and yet, without a guide, it would hardly be safe for a new-comer to make his way into these dense forests, neither would it be safe for one alone to attempt to climb one of these mountains. You must necessarily have some John the Baptist going ahead to prepare the way. And yet unaccompanied by any guide, we have safely managed to get a tolerably clear notion of the lay of the land.

As regularly as the day comes we ride or walk that three miles to the post-office to mail our letters, and what is better, to receive our mail from friends in "the clearin'." And we may say that, in addition to our letters, we do not fail to buy a copy of the Boston Globe that we may learn what our friend, Mr. Nolan, has to say of Arlington and surrounding towns. And, by the way, Mr. Nolan is one of the brightest correspondents the Globe has on its staff of writers. Although yesterday was Sunday, we made our trip as usual to the post-office department, and a most delightful ride we had. The grandboy, Gardner, drove with evident delight, and with all that intelligent care which assured safety from the start, so we, perhaps not elegantly, but in a most comfortable way, put our feet on the dashboard and leaned back at an angle of 45 degrees, supremely happy.

Incidentally, we should mention the fact that we are within the sound of no church-going bell, so that we feel for the moment that we may go where we will, even on the Sabbath day. We are, however, trying to keep ourselves on the side of good morals while here at the mountains. The ride, we say, was "delightful," and so it was. But just as we reached our mountain-side cottage an ominous cloud came peeping over Mt. Black, so that we had hardly gotten ourselves well seated in our easy chair on the generous verandah when the rain swept down the valley in torrents. It was one of the grandest of sights to see that flood of rain moving at more than a 2,400 speed down along the long stretch of interval toward the Maine line. At last the bright sunshine rested on the tip of the mountains, while at lesser heights the rain was putting in its best down-fall. At last came that brilliant and magnificent rainbow, which dates, you know, from that terrific down-pour of 40 days and 40 nights without any sort of let-up. The rainbow of Sunday came within reach of us, for it was apparently between the two mountains immediately near us, so near that we had serious thought of clipping a portion of it, that we might send a brilliant sample of the sun's reflective powers in this region to our Arlington readers. We shall not soon forget that wonderful display of the heavens above and of the earth beneath. How small all things appear as contrasted with nature's doings. When she gets at work in earnest we, "lords of creation," might as well take a back seat.

Besides our walks and our rides, we are doing not a little reading. Amid these timely and fitting surroundings we are re-reading W. H. Murray's "Adirondack Tales." We have fallen in love over again with Herbert, with good old John Norton, the trapper, and with "the man that didn't know much." We greatly enjoy the theology that Murray sandwiches in between his writings. To thoroughly know Murray as a writer, you must read him between the lines. W. H. Murray has proven himself one of the greatest benefactors to his countrymen, and especially to the theological world, inasmuch as he has popularized camp life in the woods. Murray is the father of the summer vacation spent in the backwoods. Taking his text from the gospel of nature, Murray has preached and is still preaching to his fellow-men that universal love which God everywhere reveals to his creatures through his works.

Other things which we have to say we must reserve for another letter. We must, however, in closing this communication, assure our readers that we are a good deal contented and happy "far from gay cities and the ways of men."

### PERFUME AND DISEASE.

#### Nature Practical, Not Poetical, In Scattering Sweet Blossoms.

A French physician has decided that perfumes prevent people from taking certain diseases. During an epidemic his attention was attracted to the fact that persons who constantly used perfumes escaped taking the disease. But he found that the more delicate perfumes, like violet, lavender, attar of rose, were more efficacious than musk and strong, rank essences.

Becaria, the famous Italian botanist, long ago advised city officials to plant trees and shrubs with odoriferous blossoms or fragrant leaves along the highways, courts and parks of cities, because these strong odors produce ozone, and thereby purify the air and make the air more healthful to human beings confined to city streets or narrow, sunless courts and alleys.

Indeed nature teaches us some of her delicate mysteries and far-reaching processes when she plants tuberoses, orange trees, the night blooming cereus and other shrubs and blossoms with such rich and oft well nigh overpowering odors in tropic lands to neutralize the danger of fevers and malaria arising from dense vegetation or damp, unwholesome marshes and rivers.

Who of us can resist the charm to the senses of great masses of white and purple lilacs with countless bees murmuring round the fragrant spikes of blossoms—the pure, delightful perfume not too strong in the open air under the radiant sun of May? And lilacs are so vigorous, are easily grown on any soil and very long lived. Only an expert could tell how old some lilacs on great-grandfather's old place are, with the gnarled trunks and vigorous masses of green and blossoms in May.

Boston Transcript.

## IRONCLAD FEVER.

### A Peculiar Disease That Was Killed by Ventilation.

In the fight between the Monitor and Merrimac it was found that there was not sufficient air in the turreted steamer for the crew and that the suffocating gases generated by the explosion of gunpowder found their way below and rendered it practically impossible for the men to work. Necessity therefore compelled the introduction of some apparatus for artificial ventilation.

The old methods in vogue for hundreds of years had been retained even under the new conditions and but for the striking exhibition of direct interference with fighting capacity would have remained for many years longer. In the Monitor was placed a rotary blower, worked by steam. Air was thus drawn from one half of the steamer through a system of pipes and forced into the other. Various changes were made in later ironclads of this period. In some the air was drawn down the turrets and forced throughout the vessel, thus rendering them more than ever liable to suffocate the men below in battle, while in others the supply was obtained through armored cylinders and forced out through the turrets.

It was in the early ironclads that a peculiar disease developed which, being confined to those vessels, was soon designated ironclad fever. In this affection the initial symptoms were much like those of typhus, but in a short time severe occipital pain was followed by complete aphonia and this coma and death. The introduction of ventilating appliances caused the disappearance of this singular disease, and in time these metal boxes almost entirely submerged, came to be regarded as probably the most salubrious vessels afloat.—Cassier's Magazine.

### SHOOTING IN SCOTLAND.

#### An Immense Sum Expended Annually in This Form of Sport.

As to the sums spent on shooting in Scotland, so large is the total that it is a difficult matter to arrive even at an approximate estimate. In Perthshire alone there are 465 shootings, of which about four-fifths are let to tenants and bring in about £150,000 a year, or an average of £400 a year, which seems about a fair estimate if it be borne in mind that this is an expensive country and that 50 of its best shootings bring £35,000, or an average of £700 a year. In the whole of Scotland there are about 4,000 shootings, and as each of them must at least employ one keeper and one gillie during the shooting season some estimate may be formed of the money expended in wages and the number of people employed.

In the deer forests and on the larger shootings there will often be from four to six men permanently engaged and from six to eight others working for the shooting season only. In a well known forest where I once spent many pleasant days there were three foresters, three gillies and three pony men out each day. On the grouse ground there were three keepers, with three underkeepers, a kennel man and two carriers going to and from the nearest railway station, a total of 18 men and five horses, not to mention the ponies kept for riding into the forest and those kept to carry grouse panniers. On this property three rifles could stalk each day, while three other parties of two each could shoot grouse, or the six could combine for driving.—Chambers' Journal.

### Dead Letter Curios.

In postoffice transactions the lack of ingenuity and even of ordinary common sense is astonishing. The curios of the dead letter office include envelopes legibly cross marked "Return if not delivered" or "if not called for in five days, return to sender" without a word of further specifications. Others bear names without topographical data: "Hermann Kemper, painter and decorator, successor to Ritchie Bros. & Co." Workingmen, foreigners especially, often send to credit mail clerks with the gift of geographical clairvoyance: "Jan Jansen, at the miners' boarding house, or, perhaps, stops at Mrs. Baumgarten's place"—no town to hint about the state or county of the mining camp. "Please deliver as soon as possible" some such letters are marked and seem often to have been plastered with an extra stamp in the hope of inducing the carrier to give the matter his earliest attention.—Cincinnati Enquirer.

### Appeals to Fear.

The appeals to fear have well nigh ceased, and yet there is no fact which we are so compelled to see as the fact of retribution. The law of retribution works in our present life. We become aware of it in our earliest infancy, and we never become developed in character until we have learned to fear that which is evil and to shun the consequences of sin. There is a sense of righteousness in all men, and all men know that unrighteousness brings punishment. It is fair to assume that what is a part of man's very structure here will continue hereafter. We may give up entirely the notion of a material hell, but we cannot give up the doctrine of retribution. Suffering must follow sin, and therefore to appeal to fear is not only legitimate, but it is in accordance with the structure of man's nature.—North American Review.

### Why Wigwag Rejoiced.

Mr. Wigwag—Did the new carpet arrive all right?

Mrs. Wigwag—Yes; it came intact.

Mr. Wigwag—Hooray! Hip! Hip!

That lets me out!

Mrs. Wigwag—What in the world are you talking about?

Mr. Wigwag—Why, didn't you say it came in tacked?—Philadelphia Record

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